Aggravated burglary Theft Act 1968 (section 10)

Category 1	Greater harm and higher culpability	
Category 2	Greater harm and lower culpability or lesser harm and higher culpability	
Category 3	Lesser harm and lower culpability	

The court should determine culpability and harm caused or intended, by reference **only** to the factors below, which comprise the principal factual elements of the offence. Where an offence does not fall squarely into a category, individual factors may require a degree of weighting before making an overall assessment and determining the appropriate offence category.

Factors indicating greater harm

Theft of/damage to property causing a significant degree of loss to the victim (whether economic, commercial, sentimental or personal value)

Soiling, ransacking or vandalism of property

Victim at home or on the premises (or returns) while offender present

Significant physical or psychological injury or other significant trauma to the victim

Violence used or threatened against victim, particularly involving a weapon

Context of general public disorder

Factors indicating lesser harm

No physical or psychological injury or other significant trauma to the victim

No violence used or threatened and a weapon is not

Factors indicating higher culpability

Victim or premises deliberately targeted (for example, due to vulnerability or hostility based on disability, race, sexual orientation)

A significant degree of planning or organisation

Equipped for burglary (for example, implements carried and/ or use of vehicle)

Weapon present on entry

Member of a group or gang

Factors indicating lower culpability

Offender exploited by others

Mental disorder or learning disability, where linked to the commission of the offence

Offence Category	Starting Point (Applicable to all offenders)	Category Range (Applicable to all offenders)
Category 1	10 years' custody	9-13 years' custody
Category 2	6 years' custody	4-9 years' custody
Category 3	2 years' custody	1-4 years' custody

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